## **Get Selected!**

# Verbal Reasoning

# Selective Level Paper 1

### Instructions

- Do not begin this test or turn over the page in this booklet until you are told to do so.
- This is a multiple-choice test.
- Mark your answers clearly with a single line in the appropriate box on the answer sheet.
- If you make a mistake, rub out the line on the answer sheet completely and clearly mark your new answer.
- If you cannot complete a question, choose the best answer you can.
- You may not use a calculator during this test.
- Work as quickly and as carefully as you can.
- You have 50 minutes to complete this test.

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In this section, look for a **four-letter** word hidden between the **end** of one word and the **beginning** of the next. Mark the **pair** of words on your answer sheet.

#### **Example**

She ate all of my biscuits!

#### **Answer**

She ate (heat is the hidden word)

#### Questions

- 1. Jacob managed to tame and teach tricks to the wild animal.
- 2. 'Oh no! There is a wasp in my bedroom,' cried Amanda.
- 3. I reach into my bag to get my purse.
- 4. Callum's dog, Tom, eats his dinner really fast.
- 5. 'His behaviour gets worse' said the teacher.
- 6. The salad consisted of lettuce, onion, celery and tomatoes.

#### Section 2

In this section, choose the **pair** of words, **one** from each bracket, which are the **most opposite** in meaning and mark **both** words on your answer sheet.

#### **Example**

[up, left, turn] [steep, descend, down]

#### **Answer**

up, down

- 7. [early, attitude, always] [sometimes, never, often]
- 8. [artificial, artillery, superstitious] [actual, natural, manmade]
- 9. [destroy, bomb, attack] [blow, friend, build]
- 10. [every, here, where] [which, there, why]
- 11. [operation, hospital, doctor] [patient, serve, medicine]
- 12. [worry, buy, accept] [rubbish, purchase, refuse]

In the following questions, you should move **one** letter from the word on the **left** and move it to the word on the **right** in order to form **two new** words.

#### **Example**

Tone | Tap

#### **Answer**

e (Ton and Tape are the two new words)

#### Questions

- 13. Four | Moth
- 14. Steam | Thirty
- 15. Trend | Beak
- 16. Cartoon | She
- 17. Ship | Earth
- 18. Fetch | Deer

#### **Section 4**

In this section, choose the **pair** of words, **one** from each bracket, which are the **most similar** in meaning and mark **both** words on your answer sheet.

#### **Example**

[red, destroy, little]
[pink, small, build]

#### Answer

little, small

- 19. [abandon, armour, excited] [shield, discard, weird]
- 20. [greedy, sensible, furious] [outraged, disappointed, fierce]
- 21. [complete, enter, novice] [winner, compare, beginner]
- 22. [merge, opportunity, find] [hinder, blend, separate]
- 23. [obvious, offer, discomfort] [reject, bid, force]
- 24. [confined, ignore, offend] [brand, observe, restricted]

In the following questions, choose two words, one from each bracket, which go together to make a new word. The word from the uppermost bracket must become the first part of the new word.

#### **Example**

[rain, sun, see] [side, bow, way]

#### Answer

rain, bow [the new word is rainbow]

#### Questions

- 25. [very, warm, rain] [wet, coat, knee]
- 26. [shoe, car, high] [heel, lace, rate]
- 27. [big, wise, sun] [light, guest, cake]
- 28. [aeroplane, sky, air] [flight, row, port]
- 29. [hope, ever, trust] [worthy, body, me]
- 30. [write, open, news] [letter, program, ten]

#### Section 6

#### A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

The alphabet is here to help you with this section. In these questions, find the **next** pair of letters in the sequence and mark them on your answer sheet.

#### **Example**

AC, BD, CE, DF, \_\_\_

#### **Answer**

<u>EG</u>

- 31. EH, GJ, IL, KN, \_\_\_
- 32. KV, IT, GR, EP, \_\_\_
- 33. FO, GP, IR, LU, \_\_\_
- 34. QD, UZ, YV, CR, \_\_\_
- 35. FA, HC, LG, NI, \_\_\_
- 36. WD, ZA, EV, HS, \_\_\_

In this section, look at the list of five words and decide which three are related in some way. Then, mark the **two** words that **do not** go with these three on your answer sheet.

#### **Example**

nine, oregano, eight, seven, pepper

#### **Answer**

oregano, pepper

#### **Questions**

- 37. shoal, seagull, flock, pride, animal
- 38. plate, fork, beaker, glass, cup
- 39. fruit, banana, orange, pear, juice
- 40. scissors, letter, envelope, glue, stamp
- 41. photograph, write, image, picture, frame
- 42. sail, ferry, dinghy, sea, yacht

#### **Section 8**

43. Read the following information carefully and then answer the question.

Mr and Mrs Jones have four children: Alisia, Finley, Zara and Corbin. All of the children have been doing household chores in order to earn money.

Alisia has earned twice as much as Corbin. Zara has earned £2.75 more than Corbin. Alisia has earned £1.50 more than Finley. Finley had earned £4.00.

Which of the following statements **must** be true?

- **A** Finley has earned the least amount of money.
- **B** Corbin is lazy.
- **C** Alisia is the hardest worker.
- **D** Alisia and Zara have earned the same amount of money.
- **E** Zara has earned exactly twice as much as Finley.

#### Section 9

#### A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

The alphabet is here to help you with this section. In these questions, find the **pair** of letters that go together in the **same** way as the pair given to you and mark the **new** pair on your answer sheet.

#### **Example**

GK is to JN as PT is to \_\_\_

#### Answer

SW

#### Questions

44. CF is to GJ

as

LP is to \_\_\_

45. KM is to HJ

as

RT is to

46. VX is to ZT

as

BC is to \_\_\_

47. EA is to JV

as

LH is to \_\_\_

48. RS is to NX

as

AB is to

49. PL is to VO

as

GC is to \_\_\_

**GO STRAIGHT ON** 

**GO STRAIGHT ON TO THE NEXT PAGE** 

In these questions, the same letter should go into both sets of brackets in order to complete the four words. Mark the correct letter on your answer sheet.

#### **Example**

CLA [?] LAY PI [?] EER

#### **Answer**

P

#### Questions

- 50. FEL [?] OLD PIN [?] EAR
- 51. FETC [?] OLD MATC [?] APPY
- 52. RAC [?] XIT CHIM [?] YES
- 53. CLAS [?] RETTY SHEE [?] UNCH
- 54. DREA [?] UCH ALAR [?] AIL
- 55. AN [?] EARN FERR [?] OLK

#### Section 11

In this section, the three words in the second group should go together in the **same** way as the three words in the first group. Mark the **missing** word on your answer sheet.

#### **Example**

PAT [CAT] CAN PIP [---] HOT

#### Answer

**HOP** 

- 56. SPEAR [FAST] FAINT FIEND [----] LEAST
- 57. PASTE [STEP] BEAST PULLS [----] NIECE
- 58. SPORT [DRAB] BEARD YOUTH [----] REAMS
- 59. PROVE [LOVE] FIELD FLAME [----] TEETH
- 60. CRISP [POST] STORE PILAF [----] FLOAT
- 61. CREAM [RACE] STEER AGREE [----] JELLY

In this section, choose **one** word from **each** group that will complete the sentences in the **best** way.

#### **Example**

Large is to [size, shape, small]

Deep is to [height, shallow, large]

#### **Answer**

Large is to small as deep is to shallow.

#### Questions

- 62. Pilot is to [flying, aeroplane, sky]

  as

  Captain is to [ship, hat, sinking]
- 63. Tulip is to [bulb, red, flower]

  as

  Carrot is to [peas, seed, rabbit]
- 64. Steeple is to [tall, high, church]

  as

  Chimney is to [smoke, house, fire]
- 65. Foal is to [baby, riding, horse] as

  Calf is to [bear, cow, milk]
- 66. Television is to [programme, show, watch]asRadio is to [listen, presenter, alarm]
- 67. Fire is to [burn, red, hot]

  as

  Ice is to [cold, igloo, winter]

#### Section 13

In each of the following sentences, the word in **capitals** has had **three** letters (all of which are next to each other) taken out. The correct three letters will make the word complete again without changing their order. You should mark the **correct three letter word** on the answer sheet. The new sentence **must** make sense.

#### **Example**

The leaf was on the top BCH of the tree

#### Answer

RAN (the new word is BRANCH.)

- 68. He came FTH in the race, so he didn't win a medal.
- 69. He walked BFOOT in the sand.
- 70. The stars TWLED in the sky.
- 71. The class conducted a PRICAL experiment in the science lesson.
- 72. Her test answers were very ACCUE.
- 73. On the ghost train she was very SED.

#### A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

The alphabet is here to help you with this section. In this section, each question has a **different** code. Work out the correct code and mark the **answer** to the question on your answer sheet.

#### Example

If the code for APE is BQF, What is the code for CAT?

#### **Answer**

**DBU** 

#### Questions

- 74. If the code for FIND is HKPF, What is the code for WASH?
- 75. If the code for RULE is ORIB, What is the code for MUST?
- 76. IF the code for SHOE is TJRI, What is the code for CAST?
- 77. If the code for HAIR is GYFN, What does VYKP mean?
- 78. IF the code for LAMB is NYOZ, What does HGTC mean?
- 79. If the code for FARM is GYUI, What does NYUA mean?

#### Section 15

In this section, each letter stands for a number. Calculate the answer to the sum and mark the answer as a **letter** on your answer sheet.

#### **Example**

If A = 2, B = 4, C = 6, D = 12Calculate A + B + C

#### **Answer**

D(2 + 4 + 6 = 12)

- 80. If A = 8, B = 7, C = 5, D = 3Calculate  $D \times C - B$
- 81. If A = 20, B = 10, C = 5, D = 0Calculate  $A \times B \times D$
- 82. If A = 20, B = 10, C = 50, D = 100Calculate  $C \div B \times A$
- 83. If A = 2, B = 5, C = 10, D = 25Calculate  $(D \div B) + CA$
- 84. If A = 2, B = 4, C = 15, D = 32 Calculate ( $B^3 \div D$ ) + AC
- 85. If A = 2, B = 4, C = 5, D = 6 Calculate  $(B^3 - A^2) \div D \div C$